DMG80480F043_01WTCRJ

Features:

- Powered by T5L0 ASIC, running DGUS II HMI platform.
- 4.3 inch, 480*800 resolution, IPS-TFT LCD.
- LCD and TP OCA bonding process, with high structural reliability.
- CTP cover plate adopts a fillet design (R = 5mm) for easy installation.
- COF structure. The entire core circuit of the smart screen is fixed on the FPC of LCM, featured by light and thin structure, low cost and easy production.





1. External interface



PIN	Definition	I/O	Functional Description			
1	+5V	1	Davida avealy, DC2 6 5 5 V			
2	+5V	1	Power supply, DC3.6-5.5V.			
3	GND	GND				
4	GND	GND	GND			
5	GND	GND				
6	AD7	I	5 input ADCs. 12-bit resolution in case of 3.3V power supply. 0-3.3V			
7	AD6	1	input voltage. Except for AD6, the rest data is sent to OS core via UART3 in real time with 16KHz sampling rate. AD1 and AD5 can be			
8	AD5	1	used in parallel, and AD3 and AD7 can be used in parallel, which equato to two 32KHz sampling AD. AD1, AD3, AD5, AD7 can be used in			
9	AD3	1	parallel, which equals to a 64KHz sampling AD; the data is summed			
10	AD1	I	1024 times and then divided by 64 to obtain a 64Hz 16bit AD value by oversampling.			
11	+3.3	0	3.3V output, maximum load of 150mA.			
12	SPK	0	External MOSFET to drive buzzer or speaker. The external 10K resistor should be pulled down to the ground to ensure that power-on is low level.			
13	SD_CD	10				
14	SD_CK	0				
15	SD_D3	Ю	SD/SDHC interface,The SD_CK connects a 22pF capacitor to GND near			
16	SD_D2	Ю	the SD card interface.			
17	SD_D1	Ю				
18	SD_D0	Ю				

19	PWM0	0	2 16-bit PWM output. The external 10K resistor should be pulled down to		
20	PWM1	0	the ground to ensure that power-on is low level. The OS core can be controlled in real time via UART3.		
21	P3.3	Ю	If using RX8130 or SD2058 I2C RTC to connect to both IOs, SCL should be connected to P3.2,and SDA connected to P3.3 in parallel		
22	P3.2	Ю	with 10K resistor pull-up to 3.3V.		
23	P3.1/EX1	Ю	It can be used as an external interrupt 1 input at the same time, and supports both low voltage level or trailing edge interrupt modes.		
24	P3.0/EX0	Ю	It can be used as an external interrupt 0 input at the same time, and supports both low voltage level or trailing edge interrupt modes.		
25	P2.7	Ю	IO interface		
26	P2.6	Ю	IO interface		
27	P2.5	Ю	IO interface		
28	P2.4	Ю	IO interface		
29	P2.3	Ю	IO interface		
30	P2.2	Ю	IO interface		
31	P2.1	Ю	IO interface		
32	P2.0	Ю	IO interface		
33	P1.7	Ю	IO interface		
34	P1.6	Ю	IO interface		
35	P1.5	Ю	IO interface		
36	P1.4	Ю	IO interface		
37	P1.3	Ю	IO interface		
38	P1.2	Ю	IO interface		
39	P1.1	Ю	IO interface		
40	P1.0	Ю	IO interface		
41	UART4_TXD	0	LIADT4		
42	UART4_RXD	I	- UART4		
43	UART5_TXD	0	HADTE		
44	UART5_RXD	1	- UART5		
45	P0.0	Ю	IO interface		
46	P0.1	Ю	IO interface		
47	P0.0	Ю	IO interface		
48	P0.1	Ю	IO interface		
49	UART2_TXD	0	LIART2 (LIARTO pariel part of OS para)		
50	UART2_RXD	ı	UART2 (UART0 serial port of OS core)		

2. Specification parameters

2.1 Product parameters

Main Chip	T5I 0		
	T5L0		
User Interface	50Pin_0.5mm FPC		
FLASH	8M Bytes		
UI Version	DGUS II / TA		
Debugging Tools	HDL662S adapter board power supply		
Size	4.3 inch		
Resolution	480*800		
Active Area (AA)	56.16mm (W)×93.60mm (H)		
Viewing Area (VA)	56.56mm (W)×94.00mm (H)		
Viewing Angle	Wide viewing angle, typical value of 85°/85°/85°/85°(L/R/U/D)		
Backlight Service Life >10,000 hours			
Brightness 250nit			
Brightness Control 100-level brightness adjustment (Flickering may occur at 1%-30% of max brightness; not recommended for use in this range)			
Note: Use dynamic screen s	saver to prevent afterimages from prolonged fixed page display.		
, ₂ C			
Туре	Capacitive Touch Panel		
Structure	G+G structure with tempered glass surface and hardness≥6H		
Light Transmittance	>85%		

2.2 Interface parameters

Item	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Baud Rate	User Set(Configure the CFG file)	3150	115200	3225600	bps
Output	Output 1	3.0	3.3	-	V
Voltage(TXD)	Output 0	-	0	0.3	V
Input	Input 1	-	-	3.3	V
Voltage(RXD)	Input 0	0	-	0.5	V
Interface	UART2: TTL; UART4: TTL; (Only available after OS configuration) UART5: TTL; (Only available after OS configuration)				
Data Format	UART2: N81; UART4: N81/E81/O81/N82; 4 modes (OS configuration) UART5: N81/E81/O81/N82; 4 modes (OS configuration)				

2.3 Electrical specifications

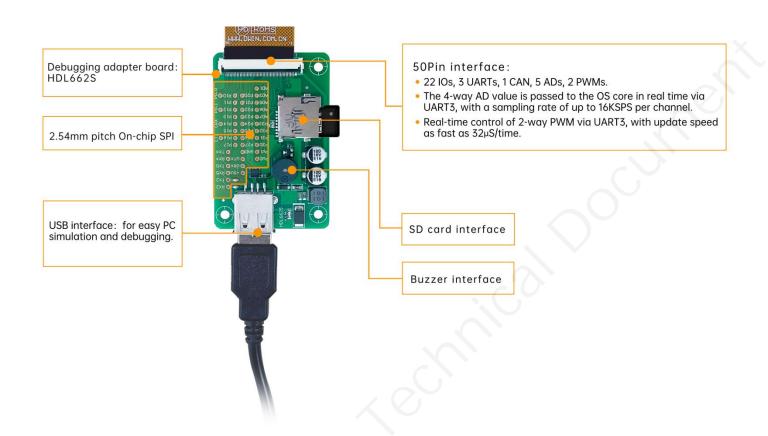
Rated Power	<5W	<5W			
Operating Voltage	3.6-5.5V, typic	3.6-5.5V, typical value of 5V.			
Operating Current	230mA	VCC=5V, max backlight.			
Operating Current	100mA	VCC=5V, backlight off.			
Recommended power supply: 5V 1A DC					

2.4 Operating environment

Operating Temperature -10°C to 60°C (5V @ 60% RH)	
Storage Temperature	-20℃ to 70℃
Operating Humidity	10%-90%RH, typical value of 60% RH.

3. Debug

It is recommended for new users of DWIN smart LCMs to purchase official accessories. For more details, please refer to customer service center.



Operation steps: open serial assistant - custom function command - set command - send.

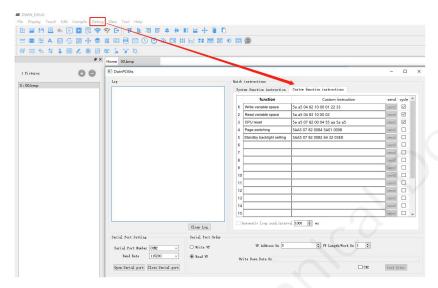
For example:

(1) Page switching

Tx: 5AA5 07 82 0084 5A01 0008

(2) Standby backlight setting

Tx: 5AA5 07 82 0082 64 32 03E8



DGUS operation

4. T5L0 ASIC

T5L0 ASIC is a low-power, cost-effective, GUI and application highly integrated single-chip dual-core ASIC designed by DWIN Technology for small-size LCD and mass produced in 2020.

- (1) Mature and stable 8051 core which is the most widely used with the maximum operating frequency of T5L is up to 250MHz, 1T(single instruction cycle)high speed operation.
- (2) Separate GUI CPU core running DGUS II System:
- High-speed display memory, 2.4GB/S bandwidth. 18-bit color display resolution support up to 1024*768
 (TA mode), 854*480 (DGUS mode).
- 2D hardware acceleration and the UI with animation and icons as its main feature is extremely cool and smooth.
- Images and icons stored in JPEG format. Adopt Low-cost 16Mbytes SPI Flash.
- High quality ratio and sound restoration and playback.
- 128Kbytes variable storage space for exchanging data with OS CPU Core and memory.
- 2 10-bit 800KHz DC/DC controllers simplify LED backlight, analog power design and save cost and space.
- Support DGUS development and simulation on PC. Support backend remote upgrade.
- (3) Separate CPU (OS CPU) core runs user 8051 code or DWIN OS system and user CPU is omitted in practical application:
- Standard 8051 core and instruction set, 64Kbytes code space, 32Kbytes on-chip RAM.
- 64-bit integer mathematical operation unit (MDU), including 64-bit MAC and 64-bit divider.
- Built-in software WDT, 3 16-bit Timers, 12 interrupt signals support up to four levels of interrupt nesting.
- Support IAP online simulation and debugging with unlimited breakpoints.
- Upgrade code online through DGUS system.
- (4) 1Mbytes on-chip Flash with DWIN patent encryption technology ensure code and data security.
- (5) Operating temperature ranges from -40 $^{\circ}$ C to +85 $^{\circ}$ C(IC operating temperature customizable from -55 $^{\circ}$ C to 105 $^{\circ}$ C).

Low power consumption and strong anti-interference ability. It can work stably on double-sided PCB and passes EMC/EMI test easily.

5. COF Screen Secondary Development

Standard 8051 core, easy to develop in C language and assembly language.

(1) 22 IOs:

To use output function of IO, you need to open the output control, output strength and peripheral multiplexing power-on initialization configuration. Subsequent use of IO is consistent with the standard 8051 as follows.

```
#include "sys.h"
sbit LED1 = P1^0;
sbit KEY1 = P1^1;
//IOPin initialization
void io_init()
        PORTDRV = 0x01;//Driving current is 8mA
        P1MDOUT |= 0x01;//Set P1.0 as output to drive LED1 light
        P1MDOUT &= 0xFD;//Set P1.1 as input to read the voltage level change of the pin
void main(void)
        u16 cnt_1ms;
        u16 key1_sta;//Store the voltage level state of the KEY1 pin
        sys_init();//System initialization
        io_init();//IOPin initialization
        cnt_1ms = 0;
        key1_sta = KEY1;
        while(1)
                 cnt 1ms++;
                 sys_delay_ms(1);//Delay sub-function, LED1 blinks every 500ms.
                 if(cnt_1ms==500)
                 {
                          LED1 = !LED1;
                          cnt_1ms = 0;
                 //If the voltage level of the pin has changed, it will be updated in the interface
                 if(key1 sta!=KEY1)
                 {
                          key1_sta = KEY1;
                          sys_write_vp(0x1000,(u8*)&key1_sta,1);
```

(2) 3 UARTs:

High-speed serial port, supporting up to 3225600bps,as follows.

```
#include "sys.h"
#include "uart2.h"
void main(void)
        u16 len;
        sys_init();/System initialization
        uart2_init(115200);//Initialize serial port 2
        while(1)
        {
                 if(uart2_rx_sta&UART2_PACKET_OK)//Received serial packet
                     len = uart2_rx_sta&UART2_PACKET_LEN;//Get the length of the serial packet without "\r\n" or '\n' terminator
                     uart2_buf[len++] = 0;//Add 2 empty strings at the end
                     uart2\_buf[len++] = 0;
                     printf("T5L_C51:%s\r\n",uart2_buf);//Return the received packet to the sender with the prefix "T5L_C51:"
                     sys_write_vp(0x2000,uart2_buf,len/2+1);//At the same time display the packet to the interface
                     uart2_rx_sta = 0;//Reset means that this serial port packet has been processed
                 }
        }
```

(3) 1 CAN:

Only the special function registers of the CAN need to be configured as follows.

```
void CanInit()
   P0MDOUT = 0x04; //P0.2(CAN_TX) is configured as output
   P0 = 0xFF;
                     //Output high voltage level
   ADR_H = 0xFF;
                       //Configuring DGUS variable memory addresses
   ADR_M = 0x00;
   ADR_L = 0x60;
   ADR_INC = 1;
                      //Configure address increments
   RAMMODE = 0x8F; // Write mode
                        //Waiting for confirmation,
   while(!APP_ACK);
    Among answers of Hardware to 8051 occupied variable memory request, 1=OK and 0=BUSY, which need to continue to wait.
                       //Variable memory address 0xFF:0060 assignment
   DATA3 = 0x1A;
    DATA2 = 0x17;
   DATA1 = 0x0F;
   DATA0 = 0;
   APP_EN = 1;
   while(APP_EN);
                        //Wait for the data operation to be completed, and reset after the operation is completed
                     // Acceptance register 0xFF:0061 assignment reset
   DATA3 = 0;
   DATA2 = 0;
   DATA1 = 0;
   DATA0 = 0;
   APP_EN = 1;
                        //Wait for the data operation to be completed, and reset after the operation is completed
   while(APP EN);
   DATA3 = 0xFF;
                        //Acceptance Mask Register 0xFF:0062 all set to 1, and no acceptance of reception
   DATA2 = 0xFF;
   DATA1 = 0xFF;
   DATA0 = 0xFF;
   APP_EN = 1;
   while(APP_EN);
                        //Wait for the data operation to be completed, and reset after the operation is completed
   RAMMODE = 0;
                        //Terminate access to DGUS variable memory
   CAN_CR = 0xA0;
                         //Open CAN and configure FF0060-FF0062
   while(CAN_CR&0x20); //Execute the configuration of FF0060-FF0062
   ECAN = 1;
                      //Open the CAN interrupt
   EA = 1;
                     //Open the total interrupt
```

(4) 5 A/Ds: 12-bit, supports sampling to 16-bit.

Only the special function registers of the A/Ds need to be configured as follows.

```
#include "sys.h"

#include "adc.h"

void main(void)

{

    u16 ad;
    float vol;
    sys_init();//System initialization
    while(1)
    {

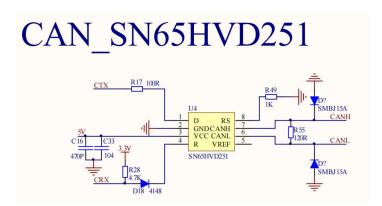
        ad = adc_read_avg(ADC_CHANNEL0,10);//1.Read the ad value of channel 0
        vol = ad*(3300.0f/4095);//2.Calculate the voltage in mV
        sys_write_vp(0x2000,(u8*)&ad,1);//Update the ad value
        sys_write_vp(0x2001,(u8*)&vol,2);/Update the voltage value
    }
}
```

(5) 2 PWMs: 16-bit high accuracy, adjustable resolution.

Only need to configure the frequency and duty cycle of PWM as follows.

```
void Pwm_0()
{
    u8 i=0;
    u8 temp[6]={0xAA,0x20,0x42,0x56,0x78,0};//Configure the duty cycle of pwm_0 to 100%
    Write_Dgus(0x87,0x2042);//Configure the frequency to 100khz
    Write_Dgus(0x86,0x5A01);//
    for(i=0;i<5;i++) //Calculate the checksum
        temp[5]+=temp[i];
    for(i=0;i<6;i++)//Configure the duty cycle
        OneSendData3(temp[i]);
}</pre>
```

(6) CAN circuit design parameters.

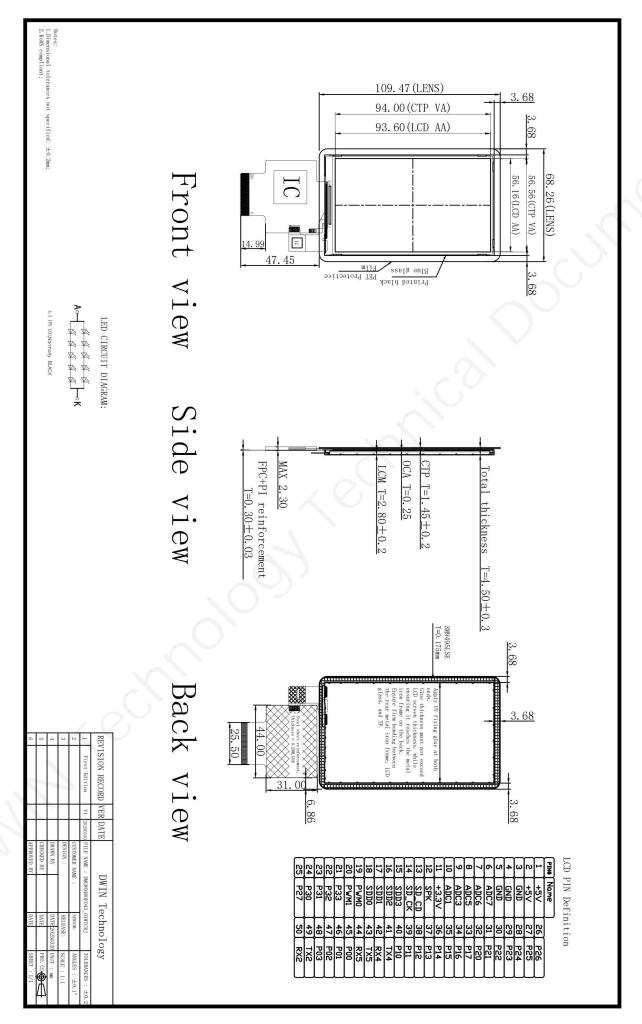


6. Packing capacity & dimension

Dimension		
Dimension	68.26(W) ×109.47 (H) ×4.50(T) mm	
Net Weight	65g	

Packing Capacity

Model	Dimensions	Layer	Quantity/Layer	Quantity(Pcs)	
Carton1:	220mm(L)×160mm(W)×47mm(H)	1	4	4	
Carton2:	250mm(L)×200mm(W)×80mm(H)	1	8	8	
Carton3:	320mm(L)×270mm(W)×80mm(H)	1	16	16	
Carton4:	415mm(L)×315mm(W)×240mm(H)	-	<u>-</u>	100	



7. Revision records

Rev	Revise Date	Content	Editor
00	2025-05-09	First Edition	Xu Ying

Please contact us if you have any questions about the use of this document or our products, or if you would like to know the latest information about our products:

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